

CSC 347 - Concepts of Programming Languages

Strict and Nonstrict Evaluation

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Learning Objectives

- ❓ How much of an expression should be evaluated when computing a result?
 - Perform expression evaluation
 - Perform function calls and function argument evaluation



Strict and Nonstrict Operators

- A *strict* construct evaluates all of its operands before it runs

Strict constructs

- Arithmetic operators: `+`, `-`, ...
- Comparison operators: `<`, `<=`, ...
- Bitwise operators: `|`, `&`, ...
- Function calls: `f(x, y)`

Non-strict constructs

- `e1 && e2` : strict in `e1`, but not `e2`
- `e1 || e2` : strict in `e1`, but not `e2`
- `if e1 then e2 else e3` : strict in `e1`, but not `e2` or `e3`



Conditional Expression

Conditional expression `if e1 then e2 else e3`

- Evaluate `e1` ; if `true` then evaluate `e2` , else evaluate `e3`

```
1 for i <- 0 to 10 do
2   print(i)
3   if i % 2 == 0
4     then println(": even")
5     else println(": odd")
6 end for
```



Conditionals in C

- Conditional statement: executes `return 1` or `return n*...`, never both

```
1 int fact (int n) {  
2     if (n <= 1) {  
3         return 1;  
4     } else {  
5         return n * fact (n - 1);  
6     }  
7 }
```

- Conditional expression: must be non-strict, otherwise non-terminating recursion

```
1 int fact (int n) {  
2     return (n <= 1) ? 1 : n * fact (n - 1);  
3 }
```

? What Happens?

- Function calls are strict

```
1 def f(b: Boolean, t: Unit, f: Unit) : Unit =  
2   if b then t else f  
3  
4 for i <- 0 to 10 do  
5   print(i)  
6   f(i % 2 == 0,  
7     println(": even"),  
8     println(": odd"))  
9 end for
```

- Both "even" and "odd" are printed every time `f` is invoked

? What Happens?

- *Thunks*: pass-by-name for explicit nonstrict evaluation of function arguments

```
1 def f(b: Boolean, t: => Unit, f: => Unit) : Unit =  
2   if b then t else f  
3  
4 for i <- 0 to 10 do  
5   print(i)  
6   f(i % 2 == 0,  
7     println(": even"),  
8     println(": odd"))  
9 end for
```

- "even" and "odd" are printed again alternating



Summary

Strict Evaluation

- Evaluates **all operands** to determine value of an expression
 - Arithmetic operators etc.
 - Function arguments

Nonstrict Evaluation

- Evaluates **only necessary operands** to determine value
 - Conditional expression
 - Shortcut evaluation of boolean expressions
- Thunks: request explicit nonstrict evaluation of function arguments